

# Drawing down an Annuity

## Lecture 5

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- 1 Drawing down an Annuity
- 2 Example – Building up and Drawing Down
- 3 Another Example
- 4 Assignment

# Outline

- 1 Drawing down an Annuity
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# Annuity Formula (Drawing Down)

- The formula for the amount to withdraw each period:

$$M = P \left( \frac{r/k}{1 - (1 + \frac{r}{k})^{-kt}} \right),$$

where  $M$  is the amount withdrawn per period,  $P$  is the amount in the annuity when the withdrawals begin,  $r$  is the annual interest rate, and  $t$  is the number of years.

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- If the withdrawals are annual, then  $k = 1$  and the formula becomes

$$M = P \left( \frac{r}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}} \right).$$

# Example

## Example (Five Withdrawals)

- Suppose that a person has accumulated \$10,000 and that it is earning 10% interest per year.
- How much can he withdraw each year for 5 years?

# Example

## Example (Three Withdrawals)

The amount withdrawn is

$$M = \frac{Pr}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}}$$

# Example

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The amount withdrawn is

$$\begin{aligned}M &= \frac{Pr}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}} \\ &= \frac{(10000)(.10)}{1 - (1.10)^{-5}}\end{aligned}$$



# Example

## Example (Three Withdrawals)

The amount withdrawn is

$$\begin{aligned}M &= \frac{Pr}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}} \\ &= \frac{(10000)(.10)}{1 - (1.10)^{-5}} \\ &= 2637.97.\end{aligned}$$

# Example

## Example (Three Withdrawals)

Year	Starting Balance	Interest	Total	Withdrawal	Ending Balance
1	10,000.00	1,000.00	11,000.00	2,637.97	8,362.03

# Example

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1	10,000.00	1,000.00	11,000.00	2,637.97	8,362.03
2	8,362.03	836.20	9,198.23	2,637.97	6,560.26

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3	6,560.26	656.03	7,216.29	2,637.97	4,578.32

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2	8,362.03	836.20	9,198.23	2,637.97	6,560.26
3	6,560.26	656.03	7,216.29	2,637.97	4,578.32
4	4,578.32	457.83	5,036.15	2,637.97	2,398.18

# Example

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1	10,000.00	1,000.00	11,000.00	2,637.97	8,362.03
2	8,362.03	836.20	9,198.23	2,637.97	6,560.26
3	6,560.26	656.03	7,216.29	2,637.97	4,578.32
4	4,578.32	457.83	5,036.15	2,637.97	2,398.18
5	2,398.18	239.82	2,638.00	2,637.97	0.03

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# Example

## Example (10-Year Example)

- Suppose we invest \$200.00 each month at 9% for 18 years for a college savings account.
- Then we withdraw from the account a fixed amount (to be determined) each year for the next 4 years (tuition payments).



# Example

## Example (Building up the Annuity)

The future value is of the annuity is

$$F = \frac{P\left(\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^{12t} - 1\right)}{r/12}$$

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The future value is of the annuity is

$$\begin{aligned} F &= \frac{P\left(\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^{12t} - 1\right)}{r/12} \\ &= \frac{200\left((1.0075)^{216} - 1\right)}{0.0075} \end{aligned}$$

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The future value is of the annuity is

$$\begin{aligned} F &= \frac{P\left(\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^{12t} - 1\right)}{r/12} \\ &= \frac{200\left((1.0075)^{216} - 1\right)}{0.0075} \\ &= \$107,270.33 \end{aligned}$$

# Example

## Example (Drawing down the Annuity)

- Now we begin making withdrawals over the next 4 years.
- How much can we withdraw each year?

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$$M = \frac{Pr}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}M &= \frac{Pr}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}} \\ &= \frac{(107270.33)(0.09)}{1 - (1.09)^{-4}}\end{aligned}$$

# Example

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- Now we begin making withdrawals over the next 4 years.
- How much can we withdraw each year?

$$\begin{aligned}M &= \frac{Pr}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}} \\&= \frac{(107270.33)(0.09)}{1 - (1.09)^{-4}} \\&= \$33,100.99\end{aligned}$$

# Example

## Example (Drawing down the Annuity)

- What if the interest rate were 10%?



# Example

## Example (Drawing down the Annuity)

- What if the interest rate were 10%?
- What if the interest rate were 12%?

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# Another Example

## Example

- That same person says, “But I think I’ll need \$50,000 each year for tuition and I’m afraid that I will earn only 6% on the average.”
- How much should the person invest each month?

# Example

## Example (Drawing down the Annuity)

- We have to work the problem “backwards.”
- What must be the value of the annuity in order to withdraw \$50,000 each year for 4 years?

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$$M = \frac{Pr}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}}$$
$$50000 = \frac{P(0.06)}{1 - (1.06)^{-4}}$$

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$$M = \frac{Pr}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}}$$
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$$= P(0.28859149)$$

# Example

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$$= P(0.28859149)$$
$$P = \frac{50000}{0.28859149}$$



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- We have to work the problem “backwards.”
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$$M = \frac{Pr}{1 - (1 + r)^{-t}}$$
$$50000 = \frac{P(0.06)}{1 - (1.06)^{-4}}$$
$$= P(0.28859149)$$
$$P = \frac{50000}{0.28859149}$$
$$= \$173,255.28$$

# Example

## Example (Building up the Annuity)

- Now how much must be invested each month at 6% interest in order to have \$173,255.28 after 18 years?

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$$F = \frac{P\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^{12t} - 1}{r/12}$$

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- Now how much must be invested each month at 6% interest in order to have \$173,255.28 after 18 years?

$$F = \frac{P\left(\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^{12t} - 1\right)}{r/12}$$

$$173255.28 = \frac{P(1.005^{216} - 1)}{0.005}$$

# Example

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- Now how much must be invested each month at 6% interest in order to have \$173,255.28 after 18 years?

$$F = \frac{P\left(\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^{12t} - 1\right)}{r/12}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 173255.28 &= \frac{P(1.005^{216} - 1)}{0.005} \\ &= P(387.35319) \end{aligned}$$

# Example

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$$F = \frac{P\left(\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^{12t} - 1\right)}{r/12}$$

$$173255.28 = \frac{P(1.005^{216} - 1)}{0.005}$$

$$= P(387.35319)$$

$$P = \frac{173255.28}{387.35319}$$

# Example

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$$173255.28 = \frac{P(1.005^{216} - 1)}{0.005}$$

$$= P(387.35319)$$

$$P = \frac{173255.28}{387.35319}$$

$$= \$447.28$$

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# Assignment

## Assignment

- Annuity worksheet: 4, 5, 6.